
 Credential Maintenance Program Adult Critical Care Specialty Assessment Detailed Content Outline <i>Multiple-choice items are linked to open cells.</i> *Test takers will be asked to integrate (apply or analyze) information.	Items			
	Ethics	Cognitive Levels		Total
		Recall	Integration*	
First Quarter of the Calendar				5
I. RESPIRATORY CRITICAL CARE		0	6	6
A. Manage Airways		0	2	2
1. Airway clearance techniques				
2. Difficult airway recognition and techniques				
3. Advanced techniques during intubation, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cricoid pressure • tube changers • specialty visualization devices 				
4. Artificial airways <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. specialty endotracheal tubes, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • subglottic suction • double lumen • wire-reinforced b. exchanging endotracheal tubes c. specialty tracheostomy tubes 				
B. Administer Specialty Gases		0	1	1
1. Nitric oxide, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • initiation • withdrawal 				
2. Helium-oxygen, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • indications 				
C. Manage Ventilation/Oxygenation		0	3	3
1. Initial settings				
2. Advanced modes, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • techniques to enhance ventilation • techniques to enhance oxygenation • techniques to enhance synchrony 				
3. Noninvasive, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • high flow nasal cannula • mask CPAP • NPPV 				
4. Waveform analyses				
5. Rescue techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. recruitment maneuvers b. inhaled vasodilators, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nitric oxide • prostacyclin c. high frequency ventilation d. prone patient positioning 				

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e. extracorporeal life support, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ECMO 				
Second Quarter of the Calendar				5
6. Strategies				
a. liberation (weaning) from mechanical ventilation				
b. prevention of lung injury from mechanical ventilation				
c. management of ARDS				
d. treatment of patients with traumatic injuries, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • head • cervical spine • chest • abdomen • long bone fractures • burn/inhalation 				
e. exercise and rehabilitation while receiving ventilatory support				
f. PEEP management, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mild hypoxemia • severe hypoxemia 				
7. Differential / independent lung ventilation, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • indications • techniques 				
8. Intra-hospital transport of unstable and high-risk patients				
9. Optimizing patient-ventilator interaction				
D. Deliver Pharmacologic Agents		0	0	0
1. Aerosolized agents other than bronchodilators, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • vasodilators • antimicrobials 				
2. Airway instillations other than for ACLS, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • epinephrine • lidocaine • cold saline • topical thrombin 				
3. Optimization of aerosol delivery, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • during mechanical ventilation • NPPV • high flow nasal cannula 				
II. GENERAL CRITICAL CARE		2	12	14
A. Assess Patient Status and Changes in Status		0	3	3
1. Difficult airway issues, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • patency • Mallampati classification • protection • thyromental distance 				




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2. Chest imaging, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• radiograph <li style="width: 50%;">• ultrasound <li style="width: 50%;">• CT <li style="width: 50%;">• ventilation/perfusion scan <li style="width: 50%;">• echocardiograph 				
3. Indices of respiratory physiology and mechanics, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• oxygenation <li style="width: 50%;">• capnometry <li style="width: 50%;">• ventilation <li style="width: 50%;">• work of breathing <li style="width: 50%;">• capnography 				
4. Neurologic, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• EEG <li style="width: 50%;">• neuromuscular function <li style="width: 50%;">• level of consciousness <li style="width: 50%;">• seizures <li style="width: 50%;">• respiratory function <li style="width: 50%;">• stroke <li style="width: 50%;">• brain death criteria 				
5. Cardiovascular, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• physical assessment <li style="width: 50%;">• dysrhythmias <li style="width: 50%;">• coronary artery disease <li style="width: 50%;">• systemic hypertension <li style="width: 50%;">• diagnostic testing <li style="width: 50%;">• CHF <li style="width: 50%;">• pulmonary hypertension 				
6. Hemodynamics, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• preload <li style="width: 50%;">• rate control <li style="width: 50%;">• afterload <li style="width: 50%;">• cardiac output <li style="width: 50%;">• contractility <li style="width: 50%;">• oxygen delivery 				
7. Differentiation among types of shock, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="width: 50%;">• anaphylactic <li style="width: 50%;">• hypovolemic <li style="width: 50%;">• cardiogenic <li style="width: 50%;">• neurogenic <li style="width: 50%;">• septic 				
8. Recognition of respiratory failure mechanisms				
a. ARDS				
b. aspiration				
c. atelectasis				
d. drug-induced				
e. hypoventilation syndromes				
f. neuromuscular				
g. obstructive lung disease				
h. pneumonia				
i. post-surgical				
j. pulmonary contusion				

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k. pulmonary edema, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cardiogenic • noncardiogenic 				
l. pulmonary embolism				
m. restrictive lung disease				
n. sleep apnea				
o. transfusion-related lung injury				
p. upper airway obstruction				
9. Renal function, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fluid status • acute kidney injury • acid-base balance • urine output 				
10. Metabolic, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • respiratory quotient • acid-base balance • nutrition/feeding • endocrine disorders 				
11. Gastrointestinal, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • abdominal compartment syndrome • ileus • feeding tube placement • GI bleeding / endoscopy 				
12. Coagulation, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • indices • platelet count • risk for deep vein thrombosis 				
13. Musculoskeletal, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • spinal cord injury • rhabdomyolysis • ICU myopathy • muscle atrophy 				
14. Therapeutic hypothermia, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • targeted temperature management • methods • indications and contraindications • complications 				
B. Anticipate Care Based on Laboratory Results		o	o	o
1. Albumin				
2. CBC, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transfusion trigger • transfusion refusal 				
3. Cardiac markers, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • troponin • BNP 				
4. Non-cardiac biomarkers, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • d-dimer • lactate • procalcitonin 				
5. Electrolytes, magnesium, calcium, and phosphate				



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6. Acid-base status, anion gap, ketones, and lactate level				
7. Coagulation studies, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • platelets • PTT • PT • INR 				
8. Culture and sensitivities, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • blood • stool • sputum • urine 				
9. Sputum Gram stain				
10. Hemoximetry (CO-oximetry), for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • carboxyhemoglobin • methemoglobin 				
11. Endocrine assessment, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cortisol • glucose • thyroid function 				
12. BUN and creatinine				
13. Liver function, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bilirubin • ammonia • AST • ALT 				
14. Fluid analyses, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pleural • urine • CSF • peritoneal 				
C. Anticipate Care Based on Imaging and/or Reports of Imaging		0	0	0
1. Plain radiographs, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • chest • spine • abdominal 				
2. CT, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • brain • chest • abdomen 				
3. MRI				
4. Ultrasound, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lung • pleural • abdominal • vascular • echocardiography 				
5. Nuclear scans, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ventilation/perfusion • cerebral blood flow 				




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	Items			
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6. Angiography, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pulmonary • coronary • bronchial • gastrointestinal • cerebral 				
D. Anticipate Effects of Pharmacologic Agents		0	1	1
1. Sedatives / hypnotics, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • continuous or intermittent • dexmedetomidine • propofol • benzodiazepine 				
2. Analgesia, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • continuous or intermittent • regional or systemic • opioids • ketamine 				
3. Neuromuscular blocking agents, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • vecuronium • cisatracurium • succinylcholine • rocuronium 				
4. Reversal agents, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • naloxone • flumazenil • sugammadex • neostigmine • edrophonium 				
5. Vasoactive and inotropic agents				
6. Drugs that may induce methemoglobinemia, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lidocaine • dapsone • nitric oxide • nitroprusside • benzocaine 				
7. Prophylaxis for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. deep vein thrombosis b. stress ulcers c. delirium 				
8. Diuretics				
9. Drug interactions				

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10.	Influence of co-morbid conditions on drug metabolism and excretion, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • renal failure • hepatic failure 				
Third Quarter of the Calendar				5	
E. Anticipate Care Based on Nutritional Status		0	1	1	
1.	Complications of malnutrition, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protein wasting • hypoglycemia • respiratory muscle catabolism 				
2.	Complications of nutritional support, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aspiration • central line infection • refeeding syndrome • malplacement of feeding tube 				
3.	Route of feeding, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • enteral • parenteral 				
4.	Morbid obesity				
5.	Metabolic study, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • caloric requirements • exhaled gas analysis 				
F. Prevent Ventilator-Associated Events		1	1	2	
1.	Oral care				
2.	Bed position				
3.	Minimizing intubation time, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aggressive weaning protocols • NPPV 				
4.	Ventilator circuit care, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • minimizing disruption • optimal position • closed suction • heated wire/HME 				
5.	Using specialty airways, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • polyurethane cuff • subglottic suction endotracheal tube 				
6.	Assessment of endotracheal / tracheostomy cuff integrity and pressure				
G. Recognize and Manage Patients with Infections and/or Sepsis		0	2	2	
1.	Recognition of clinical and laboratory signs consistent with infections and severe sepsis, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • catheter-associated • culture data • CBC 				

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2. Management of patients with infections and sepsis, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pneumonia • catheter-associated 				
3. Prevention measures, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • standard and advanced precautions • personal protective equipment • isolation procedures • catheter care • skin integrity 				
Fourth Quarter of the Calendar				5
H. Manage End-of-Life Care		0	0	0
1. Types of end-of-life care, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • palliative • hospice • advance directive 				
2. Determination of brain death				
3. Withdrawal of life support				
4. Care of organ donor				
I. Prepare for Disaster and Mass Casualty Events		1	0	1
1. Procedures for patient movement and protection				
2. Triage procedures				
3. Equipment and supply management				
J. Interact with Members of an Interdisciplinary Team		0	1	1
1. Suggested modifications to the care plan based on the respiratory assessment				
2. Response to modifications to the care plan from other team members				
K. Perform Procedures		0	1	1
1. Arterial line insertion and monitoring				
2. Mini-BAL				
3. Esophageal probe, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transpulmonary pressure • NAVA monitor 				
L. Troubleshoot Systems		0	2	2
1. Chest tube drainage				
2. Bronchoscopy				
3. Hemodynamic monitoring, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • arterial pressure • CVP 				

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4. Inhaled vasodilator delivery, for example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nitric oxide • prostaglandins 				
Totals		2	18	20

*Each test form will include 1 item that engages thinking about ethics to select the best answer.

The item also will

- include content from a task that shows an open cell under the **Ethics** column.
- be written to a cognitive level permitted for the task to which the item is linked.

Additional Specifications by Patient

Item content also will be classified by a patient's condition or disorder.

Condition or Disorder	Maximum items per form
GENERAL <i>No specific condition or disorder</i>	balance
ARDS	2
COPD	2
CARDIAC	2
POST-SURGICAL	2
ASTHMA	2
TRAUMA	1
INFECTION/SEPSIS	1
PULM EMBOLISM (pulmonary embolism)	1
SHOCK	1
BARIATRIC	1
NEUROLOGIC/NEUROMUSCULAR	1
PULM HYPERTENSION (pulmonary hypertension)	1
GERIATRIC	1
IMMUNOCOMPROMISED	1
PSYCHIATRIC	1
MASSIVE HEMOPTYSIS	1
BURN/INHALATION (burn/inhalation injury)	1
CYSTIC FIBROSIS	1
TRANSPLANTATION	1
Total	20